INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH DISSEMINATION FORUM 2022









Topic: Current Issues in Economics, Banking and Finance: Empirical Facts and Policies Recommendation"

Listening to the Voices of Undergraduate Students: Exploring Astin's Theory of Student Involvement During the COVID-19 Pandemic

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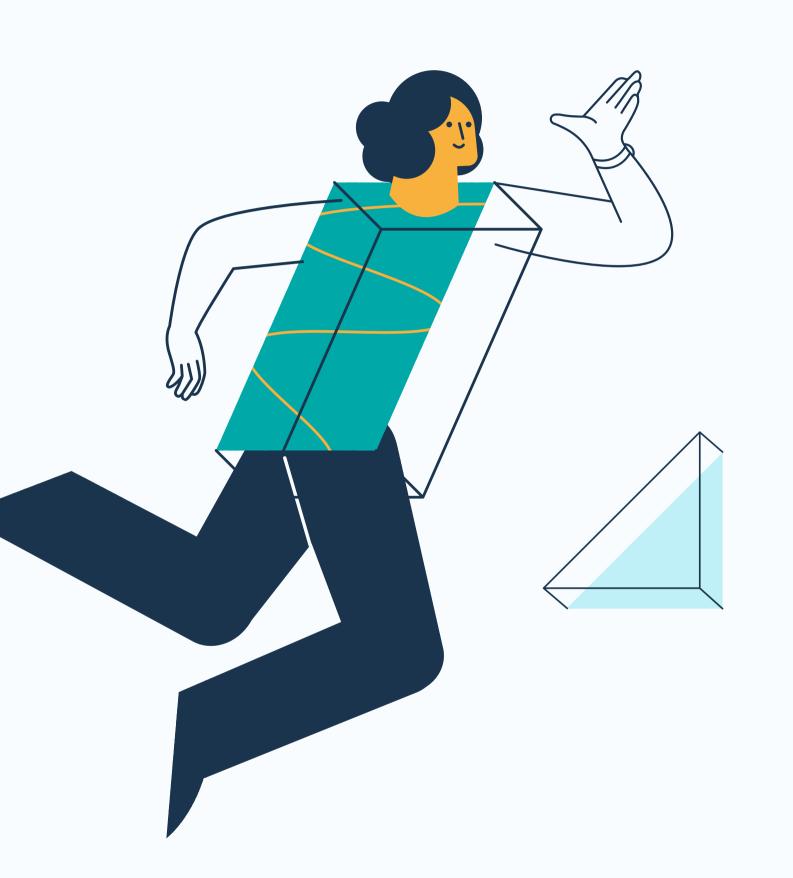
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In Collaboration between
Department of Economics,
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta - Indonesia and
School of Economics, Finance, and Banking,
Universiti Utara Malaysia - Malaysia
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Today's Discussion

OUTLINE OF TOPICS

- Introduction
- Literature Review
- Methodology
- Findings
- Discussion
- Implications for Practices
- Conclusion & Implications

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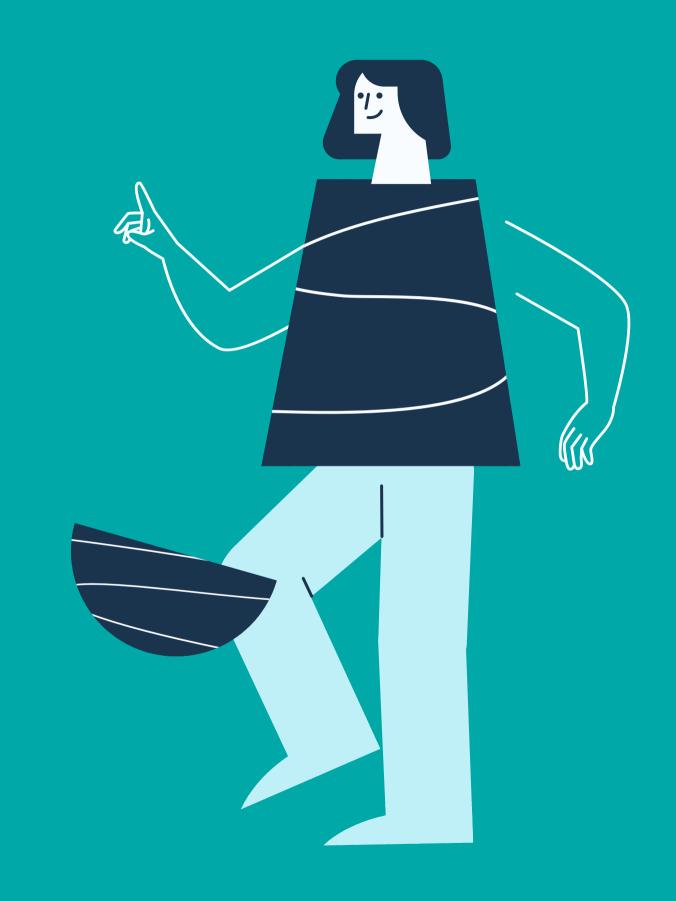
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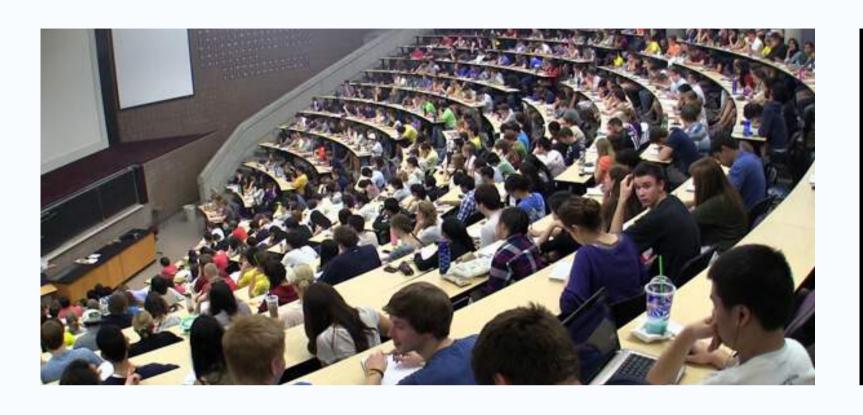
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GET INSPIRED

Education is not preparation for life; education is life itself.

John Dewey







THE OLD

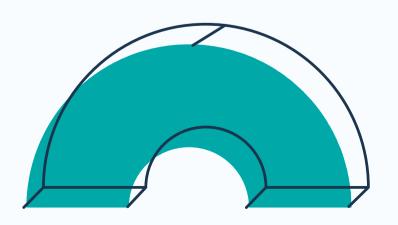


THE NEW



Introduction



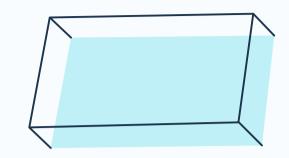


Covid-19 Pandemic has changed the world...in particular:

- 1. UNIVERSITIES SHUT DOWN
- 2. ACADEMIC STAFF WORK REMOTELY
- 3. STUDENTS REQUIRED TO STUDY REMOTELY
- 4. STUDENTS MISSING OUT "LIFE IN CAMPUS"



Literature Review



ASTIN'S STUDENT INVOLVEMENT THEORY

Astin's theory of student development discusses how students' involvement in a university environment might help them develop their personalities (Astin,1984).

INPUTS-ENVIRONMENTS-OUTCOMES (IOE) MODEL

It allows exploring the effects of the university environment on student educational outcomes while observing the student's background characteristics or growth (Astin, 1984; Astin, 1991; Pascarella & Terenzini, 1991).

SIROTOVÁ (2015)

Students develop their personalities based on how lecturers provide the learning experience in class and at university in a large setting.

How the learning experience in class provided by the lecturer, can affect a student's way of thinking, emotions, and developing creativity.

(YEW, 2010)

Activities outside the classroom (extracurricular) were perceived as the biggest influence in terms of developing students' personalities and soft skills.

For example, students can participate in student club activities, become students' representatives, participate in interfaculty competitions, conferences, or charity events.

Astin's Theory of Involvement: Inputs-Environments-Outcomes (IOE) Model (Astin, 1991)

Inputs

 Student background/ characteristics



Environments

- Institutional characteristics
- Curricular measures
- Faculty environment
- Peer environment
- Individual (student)/ academic/peer/faculty /work involvement



Outcomes

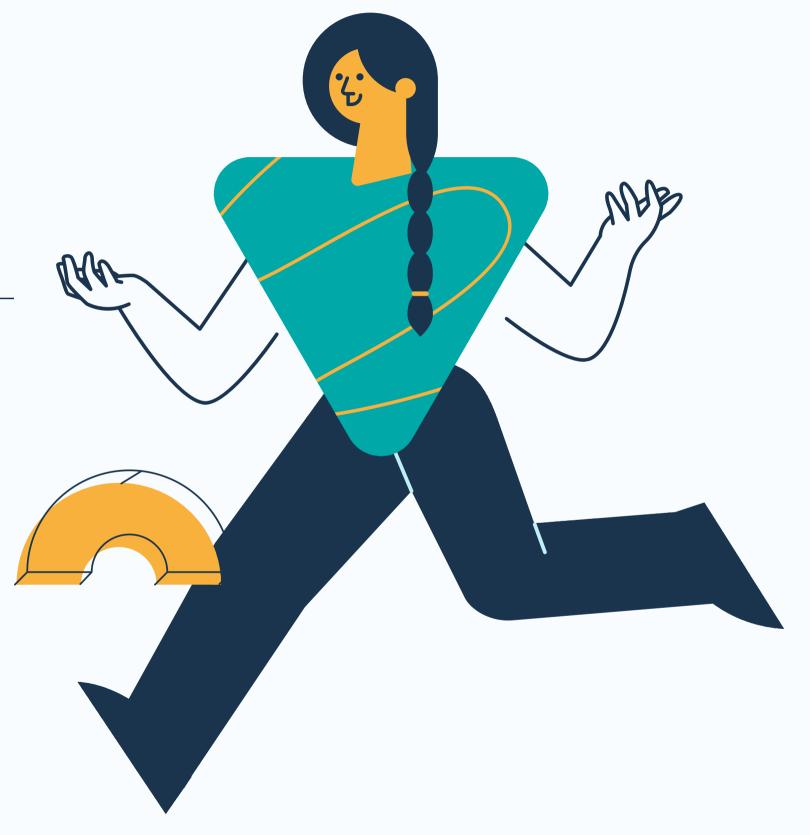
- Affective
- Behavioural
- Cognitive
- Psychological

Objective

To see how the COVID-19 pandemic has affected students' involvement both inside and outside of the classroom.

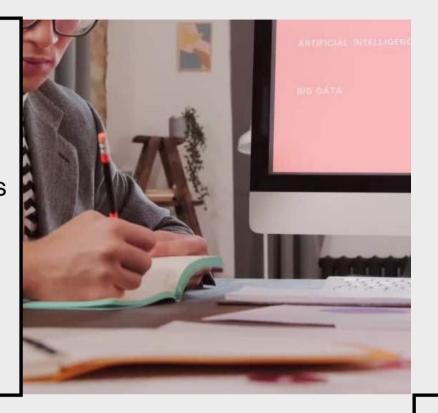


- Identifying the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on students' involvement inside and outside of the classroom.
- Exploring students' experience of engagement during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Exploring how the experience enhances or hinders their life development as individuals and university students.



Contributions

RQ1- learning challenges
students faced during the
pandemic in terms of outside
and inside the classrom
RQ2-how do these challenges
help and hinder their
development
RQ3-suggestion to improve
university ecosystem to help
the students



Semi-structured focus group interview with 8 students from 4 different courses who are actively involved in student organisations

Methodology (Qualitative)

IV via
Microsoft
Teams at 8.3010.00pm,
9/11/2021



General

Tell us about you as UUM student

Outside classroom

The activities outside classroom that you involve (which level, the position you hold) With the position that you hold, what are the challenges you face during this pandemic? How does it affect you?

How do these experiences enhance or hinder your life development as a person?

Suggestion

How can the university make it better for you in this trying times? (What can we improve? The system? The facility? The people?)

Inside classroom

Could you describe what kind of student you are inside a classroom? (Any differences between before and after pandemic?)

In terms of academic, what are the challenges you face during this pandemic?

How does it affect you?

How do these experiences enhance or hinder your life development as a person?

Suggestion

What can we, as a university, improvise to make it better for you in terms of formal learning (the facility? The lecturers? Teaching style?)

Findings

Outside the classroom? Inside the classroom?

- The challenges faced
- Students feedback



1 Outside Classroom





CHALLENGES

- Ineffective teamwork.
- Unable to gauge the team members' working pace.

Overall weak team spirit;
Lack of overall engagement;
Work Delayed

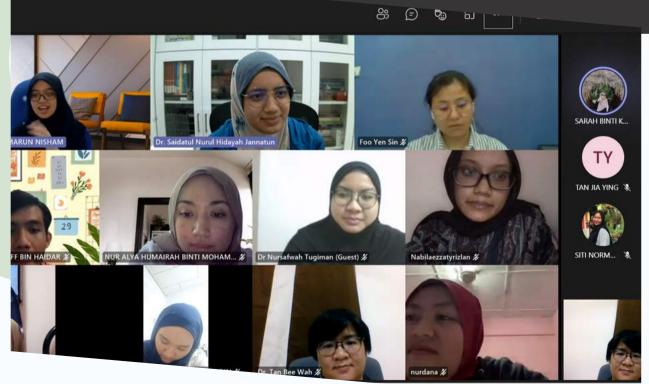
Students' Feedback.....

2 Outside Classroom

Students' Feedback.....

"As a regular member,
the challenges would be
there's too many events
but they all look the
same that it gets a bit
same that it mes. There
are talks that
interesting, but I hope
they actually gives us
more than just talks".
[Mahani]

- University
 programmes talks
 & seminars.
- All look the same.
- Boring.
- Not engaging.





CHALLENGES



3 Outside Classroom

CHALLENGES



"I think I am not developing, it's a university student".





No on campus life.

4 Outside Classroom



More...

- Understanding.
- Patience.
- Tolerance.
- Optimistic.

Less...

• Stress.

"It really affects me in a positive way. It was enhancing my tolerant level to people and also help me in insist on stress level. I'm becoming more accept with stress and can overcome it".

PATIENCE

Students' [Jia Ying]
Feedback.....

Inside Classroom

What's happening?





Student Characteristic (*Personality*)



Learning
Environment
Change



Participation in class















The Challenges

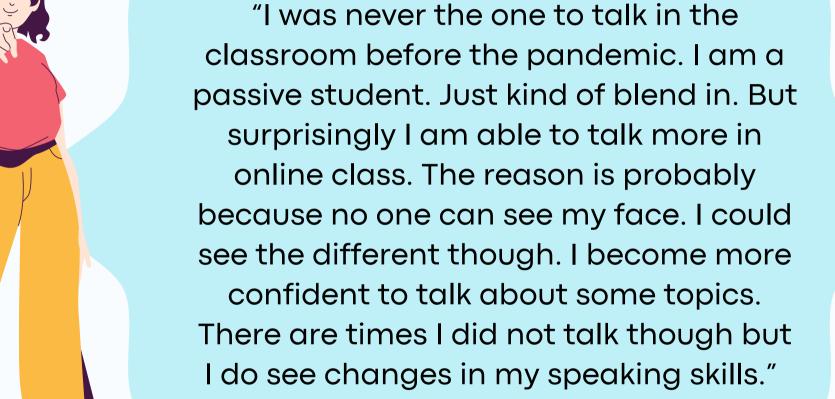
**both student personality and changes in the learning environment have an immense impact on student participation in class

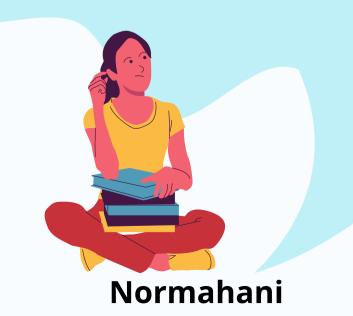
Students' Feedback.....

Jia Ying

"I feeling less motivated because the environment is not suitable for study. Most of the time, I will be having classes in my own room, or at my home. The environment was cause me feeling too comfortable and not create a situation that can make me study."

**Extrovert students
had the opposite
situation, with the
atmosphere making
them feel less
engaged in the class





**The introverted student felt more at ease in the online setting

The Challenge.....

**Weak engaged in the conducted online classes, instructional material, and activities due to unstable internet connection impact the students learning quality; the poor peer-engagement increase students' academic workload

"Honestly speaking, i am one of the students who always focused in the class and jot down every single thing. I will make sure to stay consistent during a class and get things done properly. But after pandemic, online classes do not really give me the same degree of understanding which then makes me feel down. It takes much more effort for me to concentrate and much of the connection that came with learning has been lost until that I don't have the mental bandwidth to sit down and take notes."

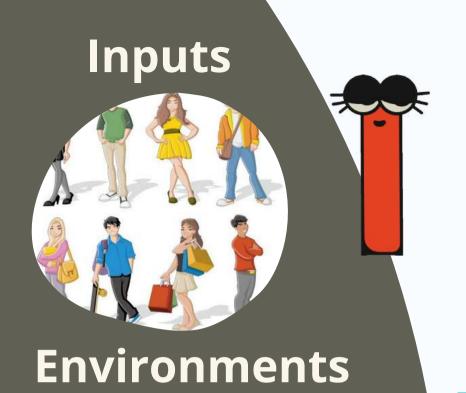
I became very stressed up to a point where I can only sleep for 3-4 hours a day. And I have somewhat separation anxiety with my phone in fear of missing an important message from lecturers

BALANCE

BURNOUT











Before-pandemic

- 2nd-to-final year undergraduate students.
- Committee members of university.
 organisations and regular members of the clubs.
- On campus
- Face-to-face class/meeting
- Teacher-centered learning.
- Walk-in services for UUM supporting/administration departments.
- Extrovert (Introvert).
- Happy, participative, energetic.
- Act in the best interests of their homework.
- Enjoy campus life.

Astin's (1991) Actual education experiences and practises will influence students mindset and emotional pschology.

Introvert to extroverted.

Enjoyed online class, feel compelled to say more Successfully manage the stress.
Improved in problem-solving skills.



COVID-19 pandemic



Extrovert to introverted.

Less participative, not as engaging.
Increased burden, more homework.
Feeling anxious sitting at home.
More efforts should be made to manage
groupworks.

Outcomes as the changes in a student's behaviour as a resulf of exposure to the environment over time (Astin, 1991).

Implications for Practices

- UUM needs a better distributed server system.
- · Live Chat.

a. A competent university system

- A good lecturer must also be an active learner.
- Express their concern and care for students.
- Supporting students' learning.

b. A positive interaction between the lecturer and the students





CONCIUS FON AND LIMITATION

- Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on students' involvement inside and outside of the classroom, using Astin's (1991).
- In-depth Interview.
- The university needs a competent system, while lecturers need to be more caring during this epidemic period.

Limitation: The sample size is limited to a small number of students.

Generalizability is restricted.

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